High Altitude SUAV

Erin Dodd, Derek Griffioen, Matthew Riediger, Ben Snow, Noah Thompson



Problem Statement

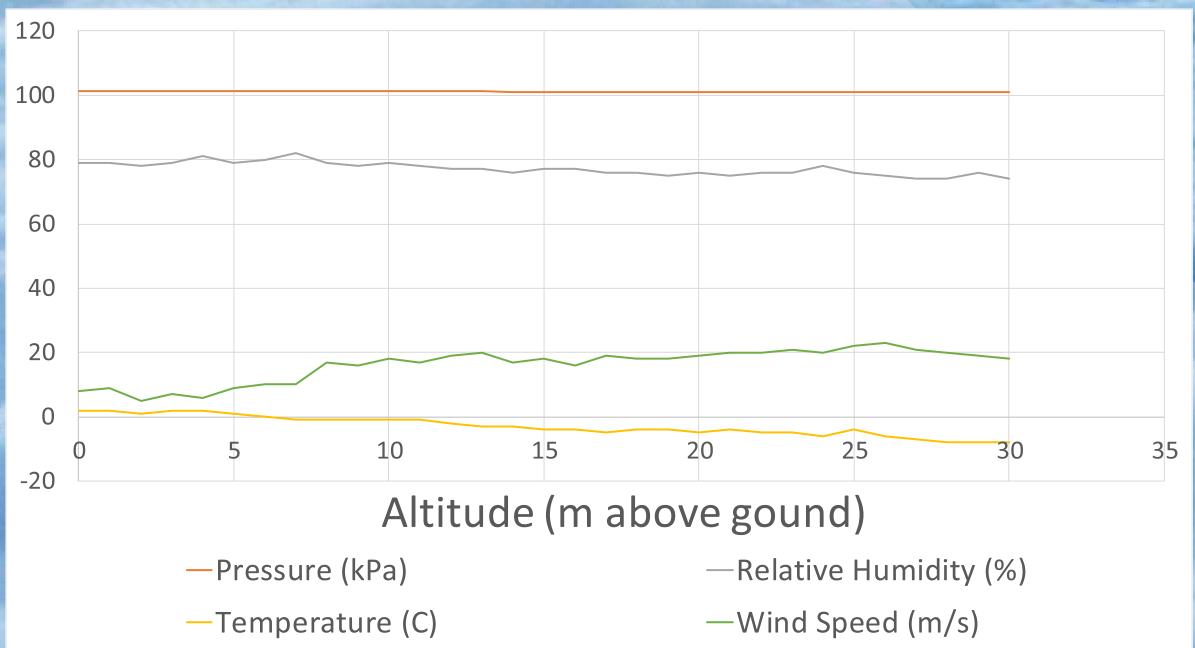
Accurate climate measurements are a vital part of research, but weather balloons are costly and difficult to recover. There is, therefore, a great need for a flexible, recoverable research tool.

Objectives

- Allow for additional, interchangeable sensors
- Must record temperature, pressure and relative humidity at a minimum

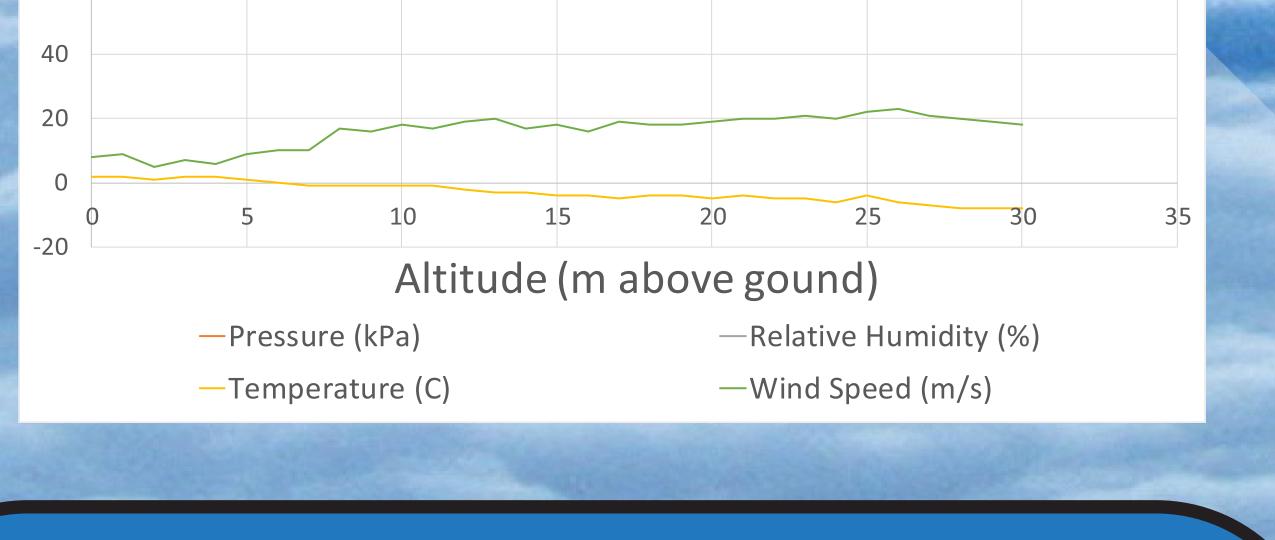
Design

- The design solution is a Small Unmanned Aerial Vehicle
- The glider holds an Arduino connected to a flight controller and an environmental monitoring system, saving all data to an SD card
- Permanent module protects electronics from rain while leaving them open to the atmosphere
- Specially designed pitot-tube module allows for determination of wind speed and direction
- Removable module allows for convenient customization, while protecting electronics & allowing access to atmosphere
- Plane is designed to be crash resistant, absorbing energy from a crash while protecting fragile electronics & sensors



Results

- SUAV achieves approximately 30 minutes of flight time
- Standard sensors collect altitude, temperature, pressure, relative humidity, wind speed and wind direction data
- Customizable design allowing for future research applications



Future Work

- Test durability for extreme climate conditions
- Add methane and ammonia detection capabilities
- Add capability to sample particulate matter
- Live-stream environmental data to pilot during flight



