# PSYC\*6840, Course Outline: Winter 2019

## **General Information**

**Course Title:** Program Evaluation

### **Course Description:**

This course introduces students to key components of program evaluation. The course comprises readings, lectures, discussions, presentations, and in-class exercises. However, emphasis is placed on application of knowledge and development of evaluation skills, including methods of social program evaluation and the process of consultation with program staff. Students will engage in a project that involves working with an organization to design a plausible program evaluation plan.

Credit Weight: 0.5

Academic Department (or campus): Psychology

Semester Offering: W19

Class Schedule and Location: Thursdays, 2:30pm-5:20pm, Rozanski (ROZ) 107

# **Instructor Information**

Instructor Name: Andrew Taylor

Instructor Email: artaylo42@uoguelph.ca

Office location and office hours: by appointment

## **GTA Information**

TA name: Mamta Vaswani

TA email: mvaswani@uoguelph.ca

## **Course Content**

## **Specific Learning Outcomes:**

By the end of the term, students should be able to...

- 1. Identify key characteristics of the following approaches to program evaluation: needs assessment, evaluability assessment, process evaluation, and outcome evaluation.
- 2. Identify methodologies and data analysis approaches (e.g., participatory, quantitative, qualitative methods) relevant to program evaluation.
- 3. Engage community stakeholders in mutually beneficial and respectful partnership (for the purpose of designing a program evaluation plan).
- 4. Assess evaluation needs, process, and outcome-related issues in the context of designing a

- program evaluation plan.
- 5. Create a program logic model.
- 6. Apply program evaluation knowledge and skills to design a program evaluation plan.
- 7. Evaluate existing programs (from the literature) and the nature of their evaluation process and findings.

## **Lecture Content & Assigned Readings**

This list includes a mix of chapters from the text, practical how-to guides and fact sheets, and journal articles that take a bit more of a critical perspective. For each, I've included a short explanation of why I have included it in the list. Some weeks have more readings than others.

## Jan 10: Course Overview. What is Program Evaluation, and Why Does it Matter?

### Jan 17: Planning & Designing Evaluations; Evaluation Frameworks

Kathryn E. Newcomer, Harry P. Hatry, Joseph S. Wholey (2015). Planning and Designing Useful Evaluations (Ch. 1). Handbook of Practical Program Evaluation, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. Kathryn E. Newcomer, Harry P. Hatry, Joseph S. Wholey, Eds.

This is a good, current, comprehensive overview of the discipline of evaluation written by seminal thinkers in the field with a lot of important technical detail. It's also dry, dry, dry.

McKegg, K., Oakden, J., Wehipeihana, N., King, J. (2018). Evaluation Building Blocks: A Guide. The <u>Kinnect Group</u>: <u>www.kinnect.co.nz</u>

Patton, Michael Quinn (2014). Evaluation Flash Cards: Embedding Evaluative Thinking in Organizational Culture. St. Paul, MN: Otto Bremer Foundation, ottobremer.org.

These are both much more readable and practical overviews of the evaluation process. Review either or both if they are useful.

### Jan 24: Engaging with Stakeholders; Planning for Use;

John M. Bryson, Michael Quinn Patton (2015). Analyzing And Engaging Stakeholders (Ch. 2). Handbook of Practical Program Evaluation, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. Kathryn E. Newcomer, Harry P. Hatry, Joseph S. Wholey, Eds.

Compared to Chapter 1 last week, this is a much more engaging and readable chapter on a key issue, with a lot of hands on practical tips for engaging stakeholders that will be useful to you in your projects.

Patton, M. Q. (2013). Utilization-focused evaluation checklist. Retrieved from https://wmich.edu/evaluation/checklists.

IDRC Evaluation (2012). Identifying the Intended User(s) and Use(s) of an Evaluation.

These are both short reference sheets that give a good basic overview of Utilization Focused Evaluation

### Jan 31: Theories of Change; logic models

John A. McLaughlin, Gretchen B. Jordan (2015). Using Logic Models (Ch. 3). Handbook of Practical Program Evaluation, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. Kathryn E. Newcomer, Harry P. Hatry, Joseph S. Wholey, Eds.

This is a solid, comprehensive overview of logic models and theories of change. Developing these models is one of the most useful practical skills that student take from this course. I like that it talks about how to work with people on the design and use of these models.

Hoggarth, Liz, Comfort, Hilary (2010). Identifying Outcomes (Ch. 3). A Practical Guide to Outcome Evaluation. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers.

Another good solid overview that you may find useful.

Weiss, C. H. (1995). Nothing as practical as good theory: Exploring theory-based evaluation for comprehensive community initiatives for children and families. In J. P. Connell, A. C. Kubish, L. B. Schorr, & C. H. Weiss (Eds.), *New approaches to evaluating community initiatives: Concepts, methods, and con-texts* (pp. 65–92). Washington, DC: Aspen Institute.

Carol Weiss is one of the inventors of the Theory of Change. This hugely influential paper illustrates the deep thinking the informed this approach originally, which has since been oversimplified or forgotten by many evaluators.

MacDonald, G. (2018). <u>Checklist of key considerations</u> for development of program logic models. Retrieved from <a href="https://wmich.edu/evaluation/checklists">https://wmich.edu/evaluation/checklists</a>.

This site has a number of short readable checklists that include great content. This one gets into aspects of logic models that most other resources don't cover, like how to format them in a readable way and how to write up a narrative summary of a logic model.

### Feb 7: Exploratory evaluation; evaluability assessment

Wholey, J (2015). Exploratory Evaluation (Ch. 4). Handbook of Practical Program Evaluation, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. Kathryn E. Newcomer, Harry P. Hatry, Joseph S. Wholey, Eds.

This is a great overview chapter.

Marc Langlois, Natasha Blanchet-Cohen, Tanya Beer (2018). The Art Of The Nudge: five Practices For Developmental Evaluators. The Canadian Journal of Program Evaluation Vol. 27 No. 2 Pages 39–59

This article gets into developmental evaluation (an approach we aren't covering in much depth in this course) but it does a nice job of describing the interpersonal component of the evaluator's job, which is a key component of evaluability assessment.

Peel Regional Evaluation Platform (n.d.). <u>Evaluation Readiness Quiz</u>. Retrieved from <a href="https://peelevaluates.ca/wp-content/uploads/2018/05/PREP\_Download\_Eval-Readiness-Quiz.pdf">https://peelevaluates.ca/wp-content/uploads/2018/05/PREP\_Download\_Eval-Readiness-Quiz.pdf</a>

This is a quick and easy tool for starting a discussion about evaluability.

#### Feb 14: Performance Measurement & Formative Evaluation

Part 1 Due

Poister, T.H., (2015). Performance Measurement: Monitoring Program Outcomes (Ch. 5). Handbook of Practical Program Evaluation, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. Kathryn E. Newcomer, Harry P. Hatry, Joseph S. Wholey, Eds.

This chapter starts with a great overview, and I especially like the criteria for good performance measures section. I find the examples in the later section a bit plodding and complex, although they do get into some helpful issues around thing like benchmarking. I'd skim everything after about p. 120.

Newcomer, K and C. Brass. 2015. "Forging a Strategic and Comprehensive Approach to Evaluation Within Public and Nonprofit Organizations: Integrating Measurement and Analytics Within Evaluation". American Journal of Evaluation, 36 (1), 1-20.

This is a really good thinky piece that gives a bit more of a critical perspective on about how best to understand the relationship between performance measurement and evaluation.

### Feb 21: Reading Week - No Class

#### Feb 28: Outcome evaluation

Hoggarth, Liz, Comfort, Hilary (2010). What Do I need to Know to Answer the Key Evaluation Questions? (Ch. 6). A Practical Guide to Outcome Evaluation. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers.

This is a good practical overview of the idea of indicators and how they inform outcome evaluation.

Goldie MacDonald (2002). Criteria for Selection of High-Performing Indicators: A <u>Checklist to Inform Monitoring and Evaluation</u>. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, Georgia. Retrieved from <a href="https://wmich.edu/evaluation/checklists">https://wmich.edu/evaluation/checklists</a>.

Nice, short, very practical review of what makes for a good indicator. Some duplication with the Hoggarth paper but worth a read.

<u>Rida Abboud & Caroline Claussen</u> (2016). The use of Outcome Harvesting in learning-oriented and collaborative inquiry approaches to evaluation: An example from Calgary, Alberta. Evaluation and Program Planning, Volume, 59, p.47-54

This is a great case study of a practical, participatory approach to outcome evaluation called outcome harvesting.

### Mar 7: Evaluation in context: Workshop at 10C

Harry P. Hatry, Kathryn E. Newcomer (2015) Pitfalls in Evaluations (Ch. 26). Handbook of Practical Program Evaluation, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. Kathryn E. Newcomer, Harry P. Hatry, Joseph S. Wholey, Eds.

This is a really good overview of all of the things that can go wrong in evaluation project. I should know.

Lasby, D. (2018). The State Of Evaluation: Measurement And Evaluation Practices In Ontario's Nonprofit Sector. Toronto: Ontario Nonprofit Network and Imagine Canada.

This report gives a real-world picture of what evaluation practice like looks like in Ontario's nonprofit sector in 2018.

### Mar 14: Data analysis

Delwyn Goodrick, Patricia J. Rogers (2015). Qualitative Data Analysis (Ch. 22). Handbook of Practical Program Evaluation, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. Kathryn E. Newcomer, Harry P. Hatry, Joseph S. Wholey, Eds.

This is a really thorough and useful overview of approaches to qualitative data analysis in the context of evaluation work. If you have taken a qualitative methods course at any point, this chapter may be review for you.

Kathryn E. Newcomer, Dylan Conger (2015). Using Statistics in Evaluation (Ch. 23). Handbook of Practical Program Evaluation, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. Kathryn E. Newcomer, Harry P. Hatry, Joseph S. Wholey, Eds.

Ch. 23 is a similarly thoughtful overview of basic quantitative data analysis. Would I recommend it for recreational reading? No. But it does a nice job of distilling a lot of information into a practical format.

Part 2 Due

### Mar 21: Communication of Findings

Grob, George (2015). Writing for Impact (Ch. 28). Handbook of Practical Program Evaluation, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. Kathryn E. Newcomer, Harry P. Hatry, Joseph S. Wholey, Eds.

This is a very readable overview of good writing in the context of evaluation. I really like the idea of "the mom test."

### Mar 28: Culture and context

Stafford Hood, Rodney K. Hopson, Karen E. Kirkhart (2015). Culturally Responsive Evaluation (Ch. 12). In Handbook of Practical Program Evaluation, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. Kathryn E. Newcomer, Harry P. Hatry, Joseph S. Wholey, Eds.

This chapter, written by one of the first evaluators to talk in depth about the need for culturally responsive evaluation, starts out with a somewhat academic review of the history of this work, but it gets into really important and useful discussions of how we need to think about validity in more depth.

Cram, F. (2018). Conclusion: Lessons about Indigenous evaluation. In F. Cram, K. A. Tibbetts, & J. LaFrance (Eds.), Indigenous Evaluation. New Directions for Evaluation, 159, 121–133.

This is a nice synthesis of the issues that evaluation needs to address as a discipline around "acknowledging Indigenous sovereignty and building genuine relationships with Indigenous peoples."

Ontario Federation of Indigenous Friendship Centres. (2016). USAI (Utility, Self-Voicing, Access, Inter-Relationality) Research Framework. Toronto: Author.

This is a great practical framework designed to equip Indigenous communities to make decisions about whether and how to engage with research projects.

April 4: Course summary

April 12: No class; Part 3 due

## **Course Assignments:**

Assignment	Due Date	<b>Contribution to Final</b>	Learning Outcomes
		Mark (%)	Assessed
PE Project Part 1	Feb 14	25%	1-4, 6
PE Project Part 2	Mar 21	25%	1-6
PE Project Part 3	Apr 12	50%	1-4, 6, 7

See more information about these assignments at the end of this document.

# **Course Resources**

# **Required Texts:**

The following text is on reserve in the library through couselink:

Newcomer, K.E., Hatry, H.P., & Wholey, J.S. (Eds.) (2015). *Handbook of Practical Program Evaluation (4th edition)*. San Francisco, CA: John Wiley & Sons.

Other required readings are listed in this outcome and will be posted on Courselink. Slides from class and other documents and resources will be posted on Courselink to facilitate learning and application of skills for major project.

# **Course Policies**

# **Course Updates and Announcements**

Course updates and announcements will be posted on Courselink; please check this regularly.

## **Submission & Grading Policies**

Please submit all assignments by email by 11:59pm on the due date. Please see the <u>Graduate Grade Interpretation</u> for the University grading policy.

## **Late Assignments & Extensions**

Assignments submitted late will receive a deduction of 10% per calendar day. If you know you will be unable to complete an assignment by its due date, please let me know in advance. Extensions may be granted depending on circumstances. Proper documentation (e.g., medical note) may be required in the event of late assignments or extension requests.

## **Course Policy regarding use of electronic devices and recording of lectures:**

Electronic recording of classes is expressly forbidden without consent of the instructor. When recordings are permitted they are solely for the use of the authorized student and may not be reproduced, or transmitted to others, without the express written consent of the instructor.

# **University Policies**

#### **Academic Consideration**

When you find yourself unable to meet an in-course requirement because of illness or compassionate reasons, please advise the course instructor in writing, with your name, id#, and e-mail contact. See the academic calendar for information on regulations and procedures for

Academic Consideration: Grounds for Academic Consideration.

### **Academic Misconduct**

The University of Guelph is committed to upholding the highest standards of academic integrity and it is the responsibility of all members of the University community, faculty, staff, and students to be aware of what constitutes academic misconduct and to do as much as possible to prevent academic offences from occurring.

University of Guelph students have the responsibility of abiding by the University's policy on academic misconduct regardless of their location of study; faculty, staff and students have the responsibility of supporting an environment that discourages misconduct. Students need to remain aware that instructors have access to and the right to use electronic and other means of detection. Please note: Whether or not a student intended to commit academic misconduct is not relevant for a finding of guilt. Hurried or careless submission of assignments does not

excuse students from responsibility for verifying the academic integrity of their work before submitting it. Students who are in any doubt as to whether an action on their part could be construed as an academic offence should consult with a faculty member or faculty advisor.

The Academic Misconduct Policy is detailed in the Graduate Calendar.

## **Accessibility**

The University of Guelph is committed to creating a barrier-free environment. Providing services for students is a shared responsibility among students, faculty and administrators. This relationship is based on respect of individual rights, the dignity of the individual and the University community's shared commitment to an open and supportive learning environment. Students requiring service or accommodation, whether due to an identified, ongoing disability or a short-term disability should contact the <u>Student Accessibility Services</u> as soon as possible.

For more information, contact SAS at 519-824-4120 ext. 54335 or email csdexams@uoguelph.ca or the <u>Student Accessibility Services Website</u>

## **Course Evaluation Information**

Please refer to the Course and Instructor Evaluation Website.

## **Drop date**

The last date to drop one-semester courses, without academic penalty, is Friday, March 9, 2018. For regulations and procedures for Dropping Courses, see the <u>Schedule of Dates in the Academic Calendar</u>.

# **Description of Course Assignments**

### **OVERVIEW OF 3-PART PROGRAM EVALUATION PROJECT**

Over the course of the term, you will be working in teams to develop a program evaluation *plan* in partnership with a community organization. You will apply knowledge from your readings and class discussions/exercises to develop an evaluation plan that can be used by your community partner. You will work with a community program/organization. In order to complete your project, you will need to arrange meetings with your organization/program (likely ~ 2-3 meetings over the term). You will want to organize your first meeting as soon as possible (this process always takes longer than anticipated).

Each of the assignments involves creating sections of what would ultimately be one large product: a comprehensive evaluation plan. As you learn more about the program you are working with over the course of the term, your understanding of the evaluation purpose and the intended outcomes of the program may change. Consequently, there is some overlap in the questions asked from one assignment to the next.

## **Overview of Project Components & Due Dates**

PE Project Part 1	25%	Due Feb 14, 2019
PE Project Part 2	25%	Due March 21, 2019
PE Project Part 3	50%	Due Apr 12, 2019

All parts of the project should be submitted via email by 11:59pm by the due date.

## PART 1: PROGRAM OVERVIEW 25%

Write a brief overview of your partner organization and the specific program for which you are designing a program evaluation plan. The overview should describe the items outlined below. Part 1 should be no more than 12 pages double-spaced. Please include all of the following when submitting Part 1:

- 1. Description of Organization: Provide a brief description the organization itself, including, mission, structure, other program delivered, and any other information that helps to explain the content within which the program functions.
- 2. Description of Program. Summarize the goals of the specific program to be evaluated. Include an overview of program content/curriculum, any theoretical/empirical/practical basis for the program, and a brief explanation of how the program works (e.g., how it recruits participants, where it takes place).
- 3. Stakeholders: Describe the program stakeholders. This includes those who are involved in the

- delivery of the program, who can make use of any evaluation results, AND who is <u>directly</u> served by the program (i.e., who benefits from it).
- 4. Evaluation Purpose and considerations: Based on the program purpose, please indicate why the organization is interested in evaluation and what questions should be addressed in the evaluation. How is the program hoping to use the evaluation findings? Based on the information presented in this assignment, offer some reflections on how you plan to approach evaluation design, and what questions or issues you will be keeping in mind as you move on to assignment #2.

#### **Assessment of Part 1**

Program description = 5 pts
Program purpose & theory = 5 pts
Stakeholders = 5 pts
Evaluation questions and considerations = 7 pts
Grammar/Style = 3 pts

TOTAL = 25

## PART 2: EXPLORATORY ASSESSMENT & PROGRAM LOGIC MODEL: 25%

Building on Part 1, Part 2 involves an overview of the needs of the program, an overview of the readiness of the program to be evaluated, and a detailed program logic model.

Please include all of the following when submitting Part 2:

- 1. Evidence of Need for Program (max 2 pages double-spaced): Outline the key needs in the community that the program is designed to address. What issues in the lives of the people served is this program designed to address? This information can come from discussions/meetings with your community partner(s), consulting relevant literature, and/or becoming familiar with the program itself (e.g., program documents provided to you by the partner).
- 2. Program Logic Model: Create a logic model for your program that includes key activities, short term outcomes, long term outcomes, and ultimate goal. At your discretion, the model may also include information about outputs, principles guiding the program, or target populations if you think this information is important to explaining the theory of the program clearly. When submitting your PLM, submit both a diagram (generated in PowerPoint or some other program) and a text description. The text description should include a brief description of each component or 'box' on the logic model. The text description should also include the validity assumptions (i.e., the causal assumptions for each 'arrow' in the model).
- 3. Evaluability Assessment (max 2 pages double-spaced): Outline the extent to which the

program is ready for evaluation. In your assessment, you can include (but are not limited to) information about the extent to which

- program goals are agreed upon (by relevant stakeholders) and realistic;
- <u>program</u> design is clear, capable of achieving intended outcomes, and consistent with research literature
- evaluation needs and goals are agreed upon (by relevant stakeholders) and realistic;
- evaluation data are obtainable (can provide specific examples of data that could be collected);
- intended users are willing and able to use evaluation information (can provide specific examples of how results may be used).

Assessment of Part 2
Needs Assessment = 5 pts
Program Logic Model = 12 pts
Evaluability Assessment = 5 pts
Grammar/Style = 3 pts

TOTAL = 25 pts

## **PART 3: EVALUATION PLAN: 50%**

You will develop and describe a plan for conducting an outcome evaluation, with consideration of key process-related issues. The evaluation plan includes delineating the outcome objectives, design, measures, data collection, and analysis that will be used in the outcome evaluation of your program. Your outcome evaluation plan should articulate how you will determine that desired change(s) are attributable to the program (and its components) and/or how you will interpret/account for a lack of change (no desired changes) or unanticipated changes.

Please include all of the following when submitting Part 3:

- 1. An updated program logic model. You will likely make some adjustments to your PLM based on feedback and an evolving understanding of the program and the evaluation, so please submit an updated PLM with Part 3. Note: The updated PLM will not be marked individually as part of this final assignment. However, edits to the PLM will be considered in assessing the "overall coherence" of the plan.
- 2. Evaluation Questions: Identify the specific evaluation questions that will be addressed through your evaluation, drawing clearly on your program logic model, evaluability assessment, and intended uses. Your questions are likely to explore both process and outcome issues. To

keep the assignment manageable, and depending on the size and complexity of your program you do not need to plan to evaluation *every* outcome identified in your logic model, but please address a minimum of 3 outcomes (ST or LT) in your evaluation questions. When describing your prioritized outcomes, remember to operationalize the concepts embedded in the outcomes. Explain how and why these evaluation questions will generate answers that are not simply academically interesting, but useful to the program in a practical way.

- 3. Evaluation Framework Table, with columns for:
  - a) Outcome Objective (i.e., the short/intermediate/long term outcomes from your PLM).
  - b) *Evaluation Questions* (i.e., the primary outcome questions for each objective/outcome). You should also consider other relevant questions, including those pertinent to:
    - a. process questions associated with key outcomes
    - b. outcomes linked to specific groups
    - c. concept clarification about outcomes
    - d. outcomes that are quality-focused
    - e. how outcomes are achieved (or are not achieved) and why

You are not required to address each and every one of these additional questions for each outcome objective. They are subject to how relevant they are to your prioritized outcomes and your program and should be carefully considered in relation to program theory and how to promote useful evaluation and program improvement.

- c) Indicators (i.e., the data required to answer your outcome evaluation questions).
- d) Measures and Tools (i.e., the measures used to collect indicator data).
- e) *Data Sources* (i.e., where will you get the information, when, and who will collect it?). These will be brief statements about your PE design, which will be elaborated on in other sections.

### 4. Evaluation Design, which includes:

- a) A more detailed description of the measures and tools of assessment (qualitative or quantitative) identified in your evaluation framework table. Describe the measure or tool and how it purports to measure or assess the indicators corresponding to your prioritized outcomes. Please include relevant information, such as:
  - I. Is it an existing measure/tool or one customized/developed for your evaluation?
  - II. Outline how you would go about developing a new measure/tool if one does not exist for your indicator \*\*you do not need to actually develop a new tool for this project
  - III. If appropriate, how will the measure be scored? Psychometrics? (reliability/validity)?

If possible, please provide any existing measures that are included in your design as an appendix.

- b) A description of the details of your design as they apply to each measure (e.g., who administers and completes the measure/tool, is there a control/comparison group, the timing of administration in relation to the program, plans for ensuring the quality/accuracy of the measure/tool and data)
- c) A brief description of data management procedures (e.g, storage)
- d) An overall design timeframe (as a figure or table)

### 5. Analysis and Interpretation

Explain how you will answer your outcome evaluation questions (i.e, how will you evaluate your prioritized outcomes?). This section should include:

- a) A description of the analyses that will be conducted
- b) A description of how you will interpret your data and what constitutes success
- c) A short description of how you expect your findings could be presented and used
- d) The major threats to validity and how your PE design and/or plan for analysis addresses them.
- 6. Ethical Considerations: Briefly (in 1 to 2 paragraphs) outline the ethical issues that pertain to conducting an evaluation of your program and explain how consideration of these issues has informed your evaluation design.
- 7. Executive Summary: Create a half-page summary of your evaluation plan designed to be read by a senior manager at the organization running the program. This summary should highlight how the evaluation will be helpful to the organization and what will be required to carry the evaluation out. NOTE: You are not expected to develop a detailed evaluation workplan or budget as part of your evaluation plan. The executive summary should simply provide a high level summary of the kinds of tasks required to implement the evaluation plan.

Assessment of Part 3

Evaluation Questions = 4 pts

Evaluation Framework Table = 10 pts

Evaluation Design = 10 pts

Analysis and Interpretation = 10 pts

Ethical Considerations = 4 pts

Executive Summary = 5 pts

Overall Coherence of Plan (i.e., degree to which different sections align logically; degree of

focus) = 4 pts

Grammar/Style = 3 pts

TOTAL = 50 pts